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Putting the Record Straight On Singapore CIA Snar

WASHINGTON - Isn't all Unfortunately, getting caught Washington's will but was imand hot wars with Communist to 1. enemies who proudly proclaim that any means-however dirty -justify the end?

Aside from the large quotient of hypocrisy, the moralizing is doubly insufferable because it appears in great part based on insufficient information as to what CIA is all about.

In a sense, Singapore Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew picked a highly satisfactory target in his outburst against the CIA even if he was suddenly reviving an incident that took place five years ngo. For the CIA cannot talk back.

Judging by the spate of editorials across the land, and indeed, around the globe, the Singapore affair is being used as a take-off point for scolding the CIA for all sorts of alleged mis such as acting contrary to the policy of the U.S. government, jeopardizing relations with a country in defiance of the will of the U.S. ambassador on the scene, to name just a few recent charges.

But, in fact, a reasonably cool look at the Singapore incident discloses that the CIA is guilty of just one thing. It is guilty of getting caught.

this moralizing about the Cen- is one of the risks of the tral Intelligence Agency affair espionage trade, and nobody in Singapore unbecoming the is going to give facts and conduct of a sophisticated na- figures to prove that the ratio tion crucially engaged in cold of faiures to success is 1,000

> TO PUT the Singapore affair in perspective, one of the mandates of the Central Intelligence Agency is to penetrate foreign intelligence networks. both in Communist areas and in particularly sensitive places in the world.

In 1960, Malaysia was just beginning to be organized. There had been considerable penetration of the Malay pennsula by Red -Chinese agents and Indonesian agents (a forerinner of Sukarno's confrontation policy). As of that date, the United States knew very little about the cust of official characters in Malaysia, Since it was becoming a very sensitive area, the U.S. government. -not the CIA- decided to make a special intelligencegathering effort on the Malayan peninsula.

It can be stated on authority that the decision to give property at rather inflated priority, CIA's attention to the Malayan area was discussed r and approved by the National Security Council of that era.

Therefore: far from freewheeling, the CIA agent who tried to penetrale Singapore's Special Branch Intelligence net

plementing U.S. government policy.

WITH REGARD to Singapore, even Prime Minister Lee: (who was not then interested in using anti-U.S. tirades as a stepping stone to membership in the Afro-Asian bloc) did not take the affair very seriarrested agent out of jail after a letter of apology from Dean

Hopefully, in light of Lee's flirtations with the Communist bloc, some other American agents have succeeded in penetrating the Singapore intelligence net even if the first attempt failed.

There will probably be another outcry at the involvement of the CIA in an attempt to persuade the Dominican Republic's military strongman. Gen. Wessin y Wessin to leave the country, especially since the negotiations' involved a certain amount of cash (this time the CIA offered to buy the general's house and some prices).

But it was not the CIA's /idea to send Gen. Wessin into exile. It was the decision of the U.S. government that the sacrifice of Wessin y Wessin might enhance Dominican was not acting contrary to shability since it would

ously at the time and let the eliminate an enemy of the leftists and thus possibly induce. the rebels to accept compromuse. The CIA was merely doing as Washington ordered.

> THE MYTH that the CIA runs U.S. foreign policy overlooks the fact that it is accountable to the President and the National Security Council and is closely and periodically reviewed by the Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board headed by Clark Clifford. Other watch dogs include the special congressional committees and the Budger Bureau.

The myth of ClA insubordination should have died long ago, like, for instance, during the Bay of Pigs. For at that time the CIA canceled an air strike against Castro's forces at President Kennedy's direction even though the agency. totally and urgently opposed this cancellation.

And, as it turned out, the CIA's loyalty to Presidential orders helped to seal the doom of the Cuban brigade's expedition to the Bay of Pigs a failure that stirred an outcry at the CIA...